- 39. Presumably captured at Ventnor, Isle of Wight (see Fowler 1888, 2:315).
- 40. See Fowler 1888, 2: 370.
- 40. See Fowler 1888, 2: 370.
 41. See Fowler 1890, 4: 91.
 42. Last entry is for February 14th, and the next entry in the date coumn is "31" (entry number 6), then June 2nd (entry 7). Most likely entry 5 is for May.
 43. See Fowler 1890, 4: 142.
 44. See Fowler 1889, 3: 79.
 45. See Fowler 1889, 2: 46.
 46. See Fowler 1890, 4: 399. Gorham (1885) states that the specimens were found in flood rubbish from the River Adur. Kevan (1963) rives a detailed account of this species in Britain. See also footnote

- gives a detailed account of this species in Britain. See also footnote number 61. Nomenclature - Cassida denticollis Suffrian = chloris
- auct. Brit. nec Suffrian.
- 48. See Fowler 1890, 4: 131.
- 49. See Fowler 1891, 5:98. 50. See Fowler 1891, 5: 32.

(To be continued)

TYRIA JACOBAEAE L. AB. PALLIDULA nom. nov. - The aberration of T. jacobaeae described in 1968 in my paper (in Ent. Rec., 80: 181, plt. X, fig. 4) was there given the name pallida in error. An objective replacement name for pallida Watson, 1968, which is preoccupied by pallens Vaughan Roberts, 1954, is pallidula nom. nov. I thank Mr. D. S. Fletcher (Br. Mus. [Nat. Hist.]), for kindly checking for me the status of pallida Vaughan Roberts. - R. W. WATSON, Porcorum, Sandy Down, Boldre, near Lymington, Hants.

LEIODES OBLONGA ER. (COL.: LEIODIDAE) IN S.E. LONDON. When looking through the collections of locally-taken insects kept at Plumstead Museum, a year or two ago, I was interested to note among the Coleoptera a fine male Leiodes tentatively named as cinnamomea Panz., but which I recognized as L. oblonga Er. This is a rare species, the records of which (also under the names of grandis Fairm. and, mostly, anglica Rye) are largely south-eastern, but for Kent the only one I know is Cobham Park (J. J. Walker). The present capture, apparently the first for Greater London, is labelled "Woolwich/25.8.59/R. Goldsack"; the captor was a local collector who worked N.W. Kent for a time and then left the district. It may be remembered that 1959 was an excellent insect year. The species under notice is closely allied to L. cinnamomea and often mistaken for it; the last-named has been bred in numbers from truffles, but I have not heard that L. oblonga has ever been so obtained. Its distribution as given by Joy (1932, Pract. Handb. Brit. Beetles, I: 548, under anglica) viz., "Eng. S." - is defective because it takes no account of the records under the other two names, which, as may be seen from Fowler (1889, Col. Brit. Isl., 3: 27), include such localities as Burton-on-Trent, Sherwood Forest, York and Dumfries.

I am grateful to the Curator, Mr. R. G. Rigden, for the opportunity of examining the above collections and for much valuable information. — A. A. ALLEN.